

# SITXWHS007

Implement and monitor work health and safety practices

# **Unit/Assessment Mapping (Extract)**

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This Unit/Assessment Mapping extract is taken from Catapult Smallprint's full hardcopy Trainer/Assessor Guide for the unit SITXWHS007.

For more information, including using our enhanced online version of this unit in Catapult LMS, or to purchase the Learner or Trainer printed books, please see this unit on our website by clicking this link:

https://catapultlearning.com.au/product/SITXWHS007/

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## Unit mapping

P: Pro	nowledge questions oject ractical assessment	KQ	Р	РА
Eleme	nts and performance criteria			
E 1	Provide information on health, safety and security			
PC 1.1	Explain relevant health, safety and security information to personnel	Q 1.1	P 1	PA
PC 1.2	Make all current health, safety and security information readily accessible to staff	Q 1.2	P 1	PA
E 2	Monitor safe work practices			
PC 2.1	Monitor adherence to organisational health, safety and security procedures	Q 2.1 Q 2.2	P 1	PA
PC 2.2	Monitor ongoing compliance with safe work practices	Q 2.1 Q 2.2	P 1	PA
PC 2.3	Take prompt action to address non-compliance with procedures and safe work practices	Q 2.3	P 1	PA
PC 2.4	Monitor day-to-day effectiveness of health, safety and security practices in maintaining the health, safety and security of personnel	Q 2.4	P 1	PA
E 3	Coordinate consultative arrangements for the management of he issues	ealth, safe	ty and secu	urity
PC 3.1	Coordinate consultative processes to provide opportunity for staff members to contribute their views on health, safety and security management practices	Q 3.1	P 1	PA
PC 3.2	Resolve or refer issues raised through health, safety and security consultation to the appropriate person	Q 3.2	P 1	PA
E 4	Implement and monitor procedures for identifying hazards, and assessing and controlling risks			
PC 4.1	Coordinate scheduled hazard identification activities, ensuring hazards are identified at times designated by legislation	Q 4.1	P 1	PA
PC 4.2	ldentify any hazards on an ongoing basis during own day-to-day workplace operations	Q 4.2	P 1	PA
PC 4.3	React to reports of hazards by other workers, and coordinate and participate in risk assessments	Q 4.3	P 1	PA
PC 4.4	Implement risk control methods or refer to appropriate person if control is outside scope of responsibility	Q 4.4	P 1	PA
PC 4.5	Monitor effectiveness of control measures, promptly identify any inadequacies, and resolve or report them to the appropriate person	Q 4.5	P 1	PA

P: Pro	nowledge questions oject ractical assessment	KQ	Ρ	ΡΑ
E 5	Coordinate health, safety and security training			
PC 5.1	Identify health, safety and security training needs based on regular staff monitoring	Q 5.1	P 1	PA
PC 5.2	Make arrangements for fulfilling training needs	Q 5.2	P 1	PA
PC 5.3	Monitor effectiveness of training and make required adjustments	Q 5.3	P 1	PA
E 6	Maintain health, safety and security records and reports			
PC 6.1	Complete health, safety and security records and reports accurately and legibly and store according to organisational and legal requirements	Q 6.1	P 1	PA
PC 6.2	Use data and reports to provide reliable and timely input into the management of workplace health, safety and security	Q 6.2	P 1	PA

KQ: Knowledge questions			
P: Project	KQ	Р	РА
PA: Practical assessment	n.g	1	
Knowledge evidence			
<ul> <li>KE 1 Primary components of relevant state or territory WHS legislation: <ul> <li>actions that must be taken for legal compliance</li> <li>employer responsibilities to provide a safe workplace</li> <li>requirement to consult, and acceptable consultation mechanisms</li> <li>requirements for the use of WHS representatives and committees, ar their roles and responsibilities</li> <li>requirements for hazard identification, risk assessment, risk control and acceptable mechanisms</li> <li>requirements for record keeping and acceptable record keeping mechanisms</li> <li>requirement to provide information and training</li> <li>employee responsibilities to ensure safety of self, other workers and other people in the workplace</li> <li>employee responsibility to participate in WHS practices</li> <li>ramifications of failure to observe WHS legislation and organisational policies and procedures</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Q 2.1 Q 2.2 Q 3.1 Q 3.2 Q 4.1 Q 4.2 Q 4.4 Q 6.1	P 1	
KE 2 Content of health, safety and security policies and procedures; and consultation, hazard identification, risk assessment and reporting documents	Q 1.1 Q 3.1 Q 4.1 Q 4.2 Q 4.3 Q 4.4 Q 6.1	P 1	
KE 3 Methods used for health, safety and security consultation, hazard identification and risk assessment	Q 3.1 Q 4.1 Q 4.2 Q 4.3 Q 4.4	P 1	
<ul> <li>KE 4 Options for the provision of training:</li> <li>coaching or mentoring in safe work practices</li> <li>formal training programs in safe work practices</li> </ul>	Q 5.2	P 1	
KE 5 Hazard identification, risk assessment and control	Q 4.1 Q 4.2 Q 4.3 Q 4.4 Q 4.5	P 1	
KE 6 Health, safety and security policy and procedure induction	Q 1.1	P 1	
KE7 Health safety and security representative or committee	032	P 1	

KE 7Health, safety and security representative or committeeQ 3.2P 1KE 8Provision of information, fact sheets and signage to ensure safe work<br/>practicesQ 1.1<br/>Q 1.2<br/>Q 4.4P 1

KQ: Knowledge questions P: Project PA: Practical assessment	KQ	Ρ	ΡΑ
<ul> <li>KE 9 Types and key content of health, safety and security information:</li> <li>consultative arrangements for health, safety and security</li> <li>employee roles and responsibilities in health, safety and security management practices</li> <li>legal obligations and ramifications of failure to comply</li> <li>location of first aid kit and emergency evacuation plan</li> <li>health, safety and security training information and updates</li> <li>policies: <ul> <li>overall approach of organisation to health, safety and security management practices</li> <li>responsibilities of employees to ensure safety</li> </ul> </li> <li>procedures</li> <li>specific risk control measures relevant to the workplace</li> <li>specific regulations and codes of practice</li> <li>use of: <ul> <li>hazard identification reporting documents</li> <li>risk assessment template documents</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Q 1.1 Q 3.1 Q 4.1 Q 4.2 Q 4.3 Q 4.4 Q 4.5 Q 6.1	P 1	
KE 10 Consultative processes for obtaining staff input into health, safety and security policies and procedures	Q 3.1 Q 3.2	P 1	
<ul> <li>KE 11 Time requirements for hazard identification:</li> <li>when changes to the workplace are implemented: <ul> <li>before the premises are used for the first time</li> <li>before and during the installation or alteration of any plant</li> <li>before changes to work practices are introduced</li> </ul> </li> <li>when any new information relating to health and safety risks becom available</li> </ul>	Q 3.2 Q 4.1 es	P 1	
<ul> <li>KE 12 Required health, safety and security records and reports:</li> <li>consultation</li> <li>hazard identification</li> <li>incident and accident notifications to WHS regulatory authorities</li> <li>incident or accident, near miss reports and related statistics</li> <li>monitoring reports and recommendations for change</li> <li>risk assessments</li> <li>risk control actions</li> <li>training action plans</li> <li>training undertaken</li> </ul>	Q 3.1 Q 3.2 Q 4.2 Q 4.3 Q 6.1	P 1	

KQ: Knowledge questions P: Project PA: Practical assessment	KQ	Ρ	ΡΑ	
Performance evidence				
<ul> <li>PE 1 Implement and monitor adherence to workplace health, safety and security procedures in three of the following real or simulated situations:</li> <li>evacuation of staff and customers</li> <li>security management of cash, documents, equipment, keys or people</li> <li>handling chemicals and hazardous substances</li> <li>hazard identification and reporting</li> <li>incident and accident reporting</li> <li>risk assessment and reporting</li> </ul>			PA	
PE 2 Coordinate consultative processes for managing the above workplace health, safety and security issues			PA	
PE 3 Coordinate risk assessments, health, safety and security training, and the maintenance of records relating to above situations			PA	
<ul> <li>PE 4 Monitor the effectiveness of health, safety and security procedures for the above situations and identify:</li> <li>required adjustments</li> <li>staff training needs</li> </ul>			PA	
PE 5 Apply management practices that must be implemented for compliance with state or territory WHS legislation during above situations			PA	

### **Trainer/assessor instructions and requirements**

These training and assessment materials are a commercially produced resource designed to underpin training and assessment delivery strategies.

#### **Catapult Smallprint resources**

Catapult Smallprint resources are current, according to information provided by the official National Register of Information on Training Packages, training.gov.au (TGA).

Catapult Smallprint offer:

- a learning resource—theory component
- an assessment workbook—a suite of assessment tools

The assessment tools are mapped against:

- elements and performance criteria
- performance evidence
- knowledge evidence

#### Information for Registered Training Organisation only

RTOs must conduct their own validation and mapping to verify that the assessment tools and instruments used:

- enable the collection of evidence that complies with the Principles of Assessment and the Rules of Evidence
- can be used by different trainer/assessors to achieve consistent results
- can be applied in a range of assessment situations
- align with the RTO's Training and Assessment Strategy (TAS)

If any gaps are identified the RTO must develop their own evidence gathering methods, assessment tools or activities.

If used correctly the assessment tools should provide a comprehensive assessment.

Catapult Smallprint do not promote that the use of their resources will ensure compliance with all VET Regulations. It is the responsibility of the RTO to meet those requirements and develop their own Training and Assessment Strategy (TAS).

#### Learning resource

The learning content is divided into topics which address the learning elements and performance criteria for each unit.

At the end of each topic the learner is provided with:

- a set of true or false questions
- a set of multiple choice questions

These questions are self-marking and do not form part of the assessment. They provide an opportunity for learners to test their understanding of the topics.

The learning resource is designed for self-paced learning but is also suitable for face to face or workshop delivery.

The trainer/assessor should provide supplementary information including interpretation of the contents of this resource. They should initiate discussion about the subject matter and encourage learners to contribute their own experiences and their interpretations of the material.

Learners should be encouraged to undertake additional research.

This might include:

- reading
- reflection
- drawing on their own knowledge and experience

It is not necessary to work through the resource in the order in which it is written. This is at the discretion of the trainer/assessor.

#### Assessment workbook

The trainer/assessor must explain to learners:

- what competency-based training is
- how competency-based assessment works and how they will be assessed
- what constitutes competency
- the assessment conditions applicable to this unit
- the resources required for assessment
- the Rules of Evidence
- the training organisation's complaints and appeals procedures
- the role of the trainer/assessor
- how the skills recognition (RPL) checklist can be used
- when the completion record will be signed

The tools that can be used to assess learners' competencies include the:

- knowledge questions
- project
- practical assessment

#### **Assessment agreement**

The trainer/assessor must explain:

- how and when assessment will occur
- the tools and instruments that will be used to collect evidence
- the assessment conditions that apply to this unit
- how adjustments can be made for special needs
- the learner's rights if they want to dispute an assessment result
- that all work submitted by the learner must be their own
- that plagiarism is not acceptable
- why the assessment agreement must be signed

The learner and the trainer/assessor need to sign the assessment agreement.

#### Foundation skills checklist

The trainer/assessor should identify the foundation skills levels of learners to determine whether additional support needs to be provided.

The foundation skills checklist in this resource is a general listing of the base foundation skills that are required to successfully complete any unit of competency

Foundation skills are:

- LLN Skills
  - reading
  - writing
  - oral communication
  - numeracy
- Employability skills
  - navigating the world of work
  - interacting with others
  - getting the work done

Training packages identify foundation skill requirements in a variety of ways:

- in some packages foundation skills are explicit in the performance criteria of the unit of competency
- in others specific foundation skills are identified for individual units of competency
- in others all foundation skills are identified separately

The trainer/assessor should source and use foundation skills assessment methodologies that suit the learner cohort.

#### **Skills recognition**

The trainer/assessor needs to determine how they wish to use this section.

Evidence of existing skills can be provided for all or parts of the unit. This could mean that some of the knowledge questions or practical tasks do not need to be completed.

Evidence of existing skills and knowledge can be obtained by sighting, for example:

- previous training results or qualifications
- workplace documents
- testimonials of skills obtained through unpaid work
- references from employers

Trainer/assessors must discuss the evidence requirements with the learner.

Any evidence submitted must comply with the Principles of Assessment and Rules of Evidence.

On completion of an RPL assessment the trainer/assessor should record their comments and mark the applicant's submission as Satisfactory/Not Satisfactory.

#### **Knowledge questions**

The knowledge questions address the learner's understanding of the information covered in:

- the elements and performance criteria for this unit
- the knowledge evidence for this unit

The questions address each performance criteria and are designed to elicit evidence of underpinning knowledge.

Where essential knowledge requirements have not been referred to in performance criteria, additional questions are provided.

The trainer/assessor will determine which questions need to be answered to ensure a satisfactory outcome.

- The trainer/assessor must provide clear instructions to the learner regarding:
- the manner in which responses should be presented, for example: hand written in the space provided, in a word-processed document, verbally, on-line
- whether additional questions need to be answered

If verbal responses are provided the trainer/assessor must document the learner's responses verbatim.

When questions are answered the trainer/assessor should provide feedback to the learner. If responses are unsatisfactory the learner should be given the opportunity to provide additional information or to re-submit.

Answers should be marked as Satisfactory/Not Satisfactory.

#### Project

Projects are an assessment tool that can address either practical or knowledge-based skills. Learners might be asked to complete the project in addition to the other assessment activities. In some instances, it can be used as an alternative to the knowledge questions or the practical assessment tasks.

The assessor will decide how the project will be used and must advise learners about whether they need to complete it.

#### **Practical assessment**

Trainer/assessors must inform learners of:

- the assessment conditions
- the required performance standards
- how, when and where assessment will take place
- any assistance they will receive
- the resources that will be supplied
- how their performance will be recorded
- what to do if they disagree with the assessment results

The practical assessment requires that learners demonstrate the skills they have developed as a result of their training. They must perform the nominated skills and their performance must be observed by the assessor or a suitably qualified and experienced third party. The third party cannot conduct the assessment but can provide supplementary evidence for the assessor to use. Assessor comments must be recorded, and performance results marked as Satisfactory, or Not Satisfactory as they will contribute to the final judgment of competence.

Practical assessments might be conducted in a workplace, as simulations, or as a series of relevant role plays. If assessment cannot be conducted in a workplace the assessor must ensure that the simulations and role plays replicate a workplace as nearly as possible. The assessor is responsible for ensuring that learners have access to the resources needed to complete the assessment.

#### **Completion record**

The results of each form of assessment, plus any extra requirements nominated by the assessor, should be recorded in the assessment workbook.

The trainer/assessor must ensure that the:

- assessment conditions for this unit were met
- learner answered the knowledge questions at the required standard for the unit level
- learner performed all the practical tasks to the required standard for the unit level
- learner was provided with detailed feedback
- any additional assessment requirements were completed

The completion record should be signed by the learner and trainer/assessor.