

# HLTHPS007

**Administer and monitor medications** 

# **Unit/Assessment Mapping (Extract)**

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This Unit/Assessment Mapping extract is taken from Catapult Smallprint's full hardcopy Trainer/Assessor Guide for the unit HLTHPS007.

For more information, including using our enhanced online version of this unit in Catapult LMS, or to purchase the Learner or Trainer printed books, please see this unit on our website by clicking this link:

https://catapultlearning.com.au/product/HLTHPS007/

## Unit mapping

	: Knowledge questions : Performance tasks	KQ	PT
Ele	ments and performance criteria		
1	Identify situations that are a potential risk to the safe administration of medications		
1.1	Access and read information to enable identification of substance incompatibilities based on care plan and delegation	Q 1.1	T 1.a
1.2	Identify environmental and time management issues that may impact on or contraindicate administration of medication	Q 1.2.a, Q 1.2.b	T 1.a
1.3	Report potential risks related to medication administration to delegating health professional	Q 1.3	T 1.a
1.4	Confirm client identity and if any allergies exist	Q 1.4.a, Q 1.4.b	T 1.a
1.5	Identify drugs and poisons schedules and classifications as determined by law	Q 1.5	T 1.a
1.6	Pro-actively identify any limitations in own capability in relation to undertaking delegated medication administration function and report to delegating health professional	Q 1.6.a, Q 1.6.b	T 1.b
2	Prepare for medication administration		
2.1	Confirm delegating health professionals authority to proceed with delegation of medication administration according to organisation policies, guidelines and protocols and jurisdictional legislative and regulatory requirements	Q 2.1	T 2.a
2.2	Clarify own role and limitations in providing assistance with medication administration with delegating health professional	Q 2.2.a, Q 2.2.b	T 2.a
2.3	Check that all equipment, including dose administration aids, are complete, ready for use, up to date and tamper free before proceeding	Q 2.3	T 2.a
2.4	Follow infection control procedures	Q 2.4	T 2.a
2.5	Confirm medication administration route and procedure	Q 2.5	T 2.a
2.6	Confirm purpose and function of prescribed medications from care plans and delegating health professional	Q 2.6.a, Q 2.6.b	T 2.a
2.7	Accurately calculate medication dosages according to authorised documented request	Q 2.7	T 2.b
2.8	Prepare medications according to delegated role and in line with legal and environmental guidelines	Q 2.8.a, Q 2.8.b	T 2.b

	: Knowledge questions : Performance tasks	KQ	РТ
3	Identify and prepare the client for administration of medication		
3.1	Greet and identify client according to organisation procedures and prepare for medication administration	Q 3.1	Т3
3.2	Check client medication according to organisation guidelines and the delegation from the health professional	Q 3.2	Т3
3.3	Accurately explain the administration procedure to the client	Q 3.3	Т3
3.4	Prior to the administration of medication, check the client for any physical or behavioural changes that may indicate the need to report to delegating health professional	Q 3.4	Т3
4	Administer medications within legal parameters		
4.1	Administer medications as delegated within role responsibility	Q 4.1	T 4.a
4.2	Administer medications according to "rights of medication", specific requirements from the form prescribed and in accordance with defined legislation, organisation procedures, professional standards and prescriber's written instructions where available	Q 4.2.a, Q 4.2.b	T 4.a
4.3	Assist the client taking the medication as required and according to documented procedures and professional standards	Q 4.3	T 4.a
4.4	Oversee and observe the client when taking medication and confirm ingestion or completion of administration	Q 4.4	T 4.a
4.5	Dispose of all used and unused medication, containers, according to organisation procedures	Q 4.5	T 4.b
4.6	Identify signs from client "when necessary" medications might be required, then inform delegating health practitioner and act in accordance with organisation's policies, procedures, delegation and role responsibility	Q 4.6.a, Q 4.6.b	T 4.b
4.7	Record administration of medications according to organisation policy	Q 4.7	T 4.b
4.8	Provide accurate information to clients and carers on medication administration, including possible side effects as per instructions of the delegating health professional	Q 4.8.a, Q 4.8.b	T 4.b

PT	: Performance tasks	KQ	PT
5	Monitor client response to administered medication		
5.1	Identify possible acute and delayed adverse reactions to medications, respond within role responsibility and report to supervisor or health professional	Q 5.1	T 5
5.2	Implement emergency response for identified acute and delayed adverse reactions within role responsibility	Q 5.2	T 5
5.3	Record and report response to emergency strategies	Q 5.3	T 5
5.4	Identify signs of a client experiencing pain and report to health professional	Q 5.4.a, Q 5.4.b	T 5
5.5	Observe and record client response to pain relieving medication and report to health professional	Q 5.5	T 5
6	Handle medication contingencies		
6.1	Report medication refusal or incomplete ingestion to supervising health professional according to organisation's procedures and protocols	Q 6.1.a, Q 6.1.b	Т6
6.2	Clearly identify contaminated or out of date medication and implement organisation's procedures for safe and appropriate disposal	Q 6.2.a, Q 6.2.b	Т6
6.3	Observe and record changes in the client's condition according to the organisation's guidelines and report to supervisor and health professional	Q 6.3.a, Q 6.3.b	Т6
6.4	Record and report any inconsistencies according to delegation and organisation guidelines and procedures	Q 6.4.a, Q 6.4.b	Т6
7	Complete medication distribution and administration		
7.1	Manage medication equipment and used containers according to infection control guidelines	Q 7.1.a, Q 7.1.b	Т7
7.2	Complete arrangements and procedures to replenish dose administration aids and supplies	Q 7.2.a, Q 7.2.b	Т7
7.3	Store medication charts, care plans and treatment sheets according to the organisation's procedures	Q 7.3	Т7
7.4	Complete medication storage procedures in compliance with legislation and own role responsibility	Q 7.4	Т7

### **KQ: Knowledge questions**

#### PT: Performance tasks

KQ PT

### **Knowledge evidence**

Legislation, regulations, codes of practice, professional standards and workplace policies, including:

- commonwealth and state/territory legislation concerning administration of medication, including the Drugs and Poisons Act
- Disability Services Acts (commonwealth and state/territory) Q 8.1
- Aged Care Act
- duty of care
- work health and safety
- standard and additional precautions

Principles, practices and regulatory framework underpinning delegation and supervision,
accountability and responsibility

Q 2.1

Roles and responsibilities of those involved in assisting with medications and limitations of
The control of the co
own role

Q 1.6.b, Q 2.2.a,

Q 1.6.a,

Q 2.2.b

Scheduled medications and interpretation of scheduling:

- schedule 2
- schedule 3 Q 1.5
- schedule 4
- schedule 8

Forms of medication, and how they are handled, administered and stored, including:

- capsules
- drops
- inhalants
- liquid
- lotion and cream

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ointments		

Q 8.2

- patches
- powder
- tablets
- wafers
- pessary
- suppository

Basic pharmacology of medications, including:

- pharmacodynamics (biochemical and physiological effects of commonly used pharmacology on the body)
- pharmacokinetics (the action of commonly used pharmacology in the body over a period of time, including the processes of absorption)

Q 8.3

- pharmacotherapeutics (therapeutic uses and effects of pharmacology used for common medical conditions)
- toxicology (adverse effects of chemicals on the organs of the body)

KQ: Knowledge questions PT: Performance tasks	ко	PT
Key aspects of medication groups and categories and their general effect on body systems and major disorders, including:  central nervous system  musculo-skeletal system  peripheral nervous system  endocrine system  cardiovascular system  respiratory system  gastrointestinal system  renal/urinary system  reproductive systems  immune system  integumentary system  eye, ear and special senses  micro-organisms  neoplastic disease	Q 8.4	
Major factors that affect the action of drugs, including:  age disease processes nutrition hydration	Q 8.5	
Cross infection and prevention strategies including:  correct hand washing techniques  glove usage  awareness of how infection is spread	Q 2.4	
Procedures and legal requirements for different medication administration routes and consequences of incorrect use:  aural  insulin by sub-cutaneous injection using pre-loaded syringes or pens  intranasal  ocular  oral  rectal  topical (including transdermal)  vaginal	Q 2.5	
Substance incompatibilities and contra-indications, including those related to:  warfarin and aspirin  medication and diet  medication and sunlight  infection  alcohol	Q 1.1	

KQ: Knowledge questions PT: Performance tasks	KQ	PT
Basic understanding of:  anaphylactic reactions side effects precautions	Q 8.6	
Characteristics of at least twenty commonly used medications in the area of work, including prescribed and over the counter medications:  purpose expected effects and potential reactions, including anaphylactic reactions contraindications for use consequences of incorrect use storage requirements disposal requirements	Q 8.7	
Documentation requirements for medication administration:  purpose  potential impacts of errors and reasons for error  medication charts, their role and procedures for use	Q 8.8	
Performance evidence		
<ul> <li>Safely administered medication to at least 10 different people, including:</li> <li>applied the rights of medication</li> <li>consulted and confirmed actions with an authorised practitioner at all relevant times</li> <li>determined medication requirements</li> <li>understood and responded appropriately to orders and instructions for medication</li> </ul>		T 4.a, T 4.b
Calculated medications with 100% accuracy and used the rights of medication and standard precautions to administer medication, using each of the following routes or methods:  oral  sublingual/buccal dry powder inhalers metered dose/spacer inhalers nebulisers topical medications suppositories sub-cutaneous injection using pre-loaded syringes or pens		T 2.b
Documented the administration of medication according to legislative requirements and organisation procedures and policies		T 4.a, T 4.b, T 6

### Trainer/ assessor user instructions

smallprint training and assessment materials are a commercially produced resource designed to support and underpin a Registered Training Organisation's (RTO's) delivery strategies.

### smallprint resources

As a provider of commercially available resources to a range of client organisations, smallprint is aware of and considerate of their clients' need to be compliant with quality standards such as NVR, AQTF and State VET Regulations.

smallprint ensures that all its resources are current according to information provided by the official National Register of Information on Training Packages, training.gov.au (TGA).

smallprint assessment tools are mapped against:

- elements and performance criteria
- performance evidence
- knowledge evidence

The RTO must conduct their own validation and mapping to verify that the assessment tools and instruments used:

- enable the collection of evidence that complies with the principles of assessment and the rules of evidence
- can be used by different trainer/ assessors
- can be consistently applied in a range of assessment situations
- fit effectively with the RTO's TAS

If any gaps are identified the RTO must develop their own evidence gathering methods, assessment tools or activities to address these gaps.

If used correctly smallprint assessment tools should provide the basis for a comprehensive assessment in accordance with the rules of evidence and the principles of assessment.

smallprint does not promote that the use of their resources by RTOs will ensure compliance with all VET Regulations.

There are a number of requirements which impact on compliance with VET Regulations and it is the responsibility of the RTO to meet those requirements including the development of their own Training and Assessment Strategy (TAS) or Learning and Assessment Strategy (LAS).

smallprint resources consist of:

- a learning resource
- an assessment workbook

### Learning resource

The smallprint learning resource provides content for learning and new skills development.

Each resource is divided into topics which relate directly to the learning elements and performance criteria for each unit.

At the end of each section the learner is provided with:

- a set of true or false questions
- a set of multi choice questions

These questions are self-marking and do not form part of the assessment for the unit. They provide an opportunity to test their understanding of their progress.

The resource is designed for self-paced learning but is also suitable for face to face or workshop delivery.

### Trainer/ assessor requirements

The trainer/ assessor should provide supplementary information including interpretation of the contents of this resource.

They should initiate discussion about the subject matter and should encourage the learner to contribute their own experiences and interpretations of the material.

The learner should be encouraged by their trainer/ assessor to undertake additional research.

This might include:

- reading
- reflection
- drawing upon their knowledge in practice situations beyond what has been facilitated by the trainer

It is not necessary to work through the guides in the order in which they are written; however this is at the discretion of the trainer/ assessor.

### Assessment workbook

The assessment workbook contains the following sections:

- about this unit
- what is competency based training
- how will my competency be assessed
- the tools that will be used to assess competency including:
  - assessment agreement
  - foundation skills checklist
  - skills recognition (RPL) checklist
  - knowledge questions
  - third party agreement
  - performance tasks
  - completion record

### **Trainer/ assessor requirements**

The trainer/ assessor needs to ensure the learner understands:

- the structure of units of competency
- this specific unit
- how competency-based assessment works
- assessment conditions applicable to this unit
- resources required for assessment
- rules of evidence
- reasonable adjustment to ensure equity in assessment for people with disability or with special needs
- complaints and appeals procedures
- what constitutes competency
- your role as a trainer/ assessor

## Assessment agreement

### **Purpose**

To ensure that the learner understands the assessment process.

### **Trainer/ assessor requirements**

The trainer/ assessor needs to ensure the learner understands:

- how and when the assessment will occur
- the tools that will be used to collect evidence
- the assessment conditions that apply to this unit
- adjustments available if special needs apply
- their rights in relation to complaints and appeals
- all work must be their own
- plagiarism is not acceptable

The learner and the trainer/ assessor both need to sign this form.

### Foundation skills checklist

#### **Purpose**

To determine foundation skills as defined for this unit of competency.

### **Trainer/ assessor requirements**

Foundation skills are generally defined as:

- LLN Skills
  - reading
  - writing
  - oral communication
  - numeracy
- Employability skills
  - navigate the world of work
  - interact with others
  - get the work done

Different training packages identify foundation skill requirements in a variety of ways.

In some packages foundation skills are described as being explicit in the performance criteria of the unit of competency.

In others specific foundation skills are identified for individual units of competency.

In others all foundation skills are identified separately.

The trainer/ assessor need to identify the foundation skills levels of the learner to determine whether they have the skills to cope with the training, or whether additional support needs to be provided.

The trainer/ assessor should source and use foundation skills assessment methodologies that are suitable for their learning cohort.

On completion of the assessment the trainer/ assessor should record their final comment and mark as satisfactory/ not satisfactory as appropriate.

### Skills recognition assessment

### **Purpose**

To obtain evidence of existing skills and knowledge through:

- previous training courses
- workplace documents
- skills obtained through unpaid work
- references
- other

### Trainer/ assessor requirements

The trainer/ assessor needs to determine how they wish to use this section.

Evidence of existing skills may be provided for parts of this unit. This may mean that some of the knowledge questions or performance tasks do not need to be completed.

Where this is done trainer/ assessors should clearly identify and inform the learner what is required.

RTOs may wish to use this section as a Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL) process.

However the trainer/ assessor need to ensure that the evidence provided meets the principles of assessment and rules of evidence.

On completion of the assessment the trainer/ assessor should record their final comment and mark as satisfactory/ not satisfactory as appropriate.

### Knowledge questions

#### **Purpose**

To obtain evidence of the learner's essential knowledge as outlined in the:

- elements and performance criteria for this unit
- knowledge evidence for this unit

The questions address each performance criteria and are designed to elicit responses that provide evidence of the essential knowledge. The questions are also designed to include the specific knowledge requirements that relate to performance criteria.

Where essential knowledge requirements have not been referred to in performance criteria, additional questions are provided.

### **Trainer/ assessor requirements**

The trainer/ assessor needs to determine which questions need to be answered to ensure a satisfactory outcome.

The trainer/ assessor should provide clear instructions to the learner as to:

- which questions should be answered
- the manner in which responses should be presented eg, hand written in the space provided, in a word processed document, verbally, on-line
- whether additional guestions need to be answered

The questions are designed to be answered in written format. The trainer/ assessor may ask for verbal responses. Where verbal responses are provided the trainer/ assessor needs to clearly note this and ensure that responses are recorded verbatim.

When questions are answered the trainer/ assessor should provide feedback to the learner. Where responses are unsatisfactory the learner should be given the opportunity to provide additional information.

On completion of each answer the trainer/ assessor should record their final comment and mark as satisfactory/ not satisfactory as appropriate.

### Third party evidence collection agreement

#### **Purpose**

To provide third parties with clear instructions about their role.

### Trainer/ assessor requirements

The performance tasks has been designed to be observed by either a trainer/ assessor or a third party.

This allows for the fact that some tasks may not be directly observable by the trainer/ assessor due to:

- the complexity of the task
- the need for tasks to be repeated or observed over time
- the presence of an observer may compromise workplace safety
- work activities involving issues of confidentiality and privacy

Where a third party is used to observe the tasks the trainer/ assessor must ensure that the third party clearly understands their role and that they are in a position that allows them to regularly and consistently observe the learner's work performance.

They must be informed that:

- they are not required to conduct the assessment
- their feedback is sought as confirmation that the learner has demonstrated the skills covered in the unit to the standard required
- the assessment decision will be made by a qualified assessor

They must also be informed of:

- the tasks to be observed
- the type and the quantity of evidence to be collected and reported
- the number of performances to observe
- the questions to ask to confirm understanding of the tasks
- the time frames and performance standards applicable to the learner's work performance
- the environment in which the tasks should be performed
- how to record their observations

The third party evidence collection agreement should then be signed.

### Performance tasks

#### **Purpose**

To obtain evidence of the learner's ability to:

- perform the tasks outlined in the elements and performance criteria
- perform the specific requirements outlined in the performance evidence

The tasks address:

- individual performance criterion
- where appropriate a group of performance criteria or an element of competency

The tasks are also designed to include the specific performance evidence requirements that relate to performance criteria. Where performance evidence requirements have not been included in performance criteria additional tasks are provided.

The tasks are designed to be observable and provide evidence that the learner has the necessary skills. Observations should occur over a period of time. Performance can be observed in an actual workplace or in a simulated environment.

Some units will require that certain tasks are performed a specific number of times.

#### **Trainer/ assessor requirements**

The trainer/ assessor needs to determine which of the tasks need to be performed to ensure a satisfactory outcome.

The trainer/ assessor should provide clear instructions to the learner as to:

- when the tasks are to be performed
- where the tasks are to be performed
- what they are required to do
- how many times the tasks are to be performed
- who will be observing them
- whether additional tasks need to be answered

Where tasks cannot be easily be observed they can be assessed using role plays and simulations. If performance of particular tasks cannot be observed you might enter into a discussion with the learner or ask them to explain a procedure. In some instances tasks might relate to the production of work products (portfolios/ documents/ outcomes). Although it might not be possible for the trainer/ assessor to observe the total process, the end product of work can provide evidence of performance.

When tasks have been completed the trainer/ assessor should provide feedback to the learner. Where performance is unsatisfactory the learner should be given the opportunity to attempt the task/s again.

Where the tasks have been observed by a third party the trainer/assessor should discuss with the third party what has been observed to ensure that all relevant criteria have been covered and that evidence provided meets the principles of assessment and rules of evidence. This should be recorded as part of the trainer/ assessor comments

On completion of each task the trainer/ assessor should record their final comment and mark as satisfactory/ not satisfactory as appropriate.

## Completion record

### **Purpose**

To record the results of work completed in the assessment workbook.

### **Trainer/ assessor requirements**

The trainer/ assessor needs to ensure that the:

- assessment conditions for this unit were met
- learner answered all questions required to the expected standard
- learner performed all the tasks required to the expected standard
- learner has been provided with comments and feedback regarding any additional assessment requirements

The completion record should be completed and signed by the learner and trainer/ assessor.