

# CHCDIS017

Facilitate community participation and social inclusion

## **Unit/Assessment Mapping (Extract)**

NOTE: This is a sample only. This cover page is not included in Catapult Smallprint's printed books.

This Unit/Assessment Mapping extract is taken from Catapult Smallprint's full hardcopy Trainer/Assessor Guide for the unit CHCDIS017.

For more information, including using our enhanced online version of this unit in Catapult LMS, or to purchase the Learner or Trainer printed books, please see this unit on our website by clicking this link:

https://catapultlearning.com.au/product/CHCDIS017/

### **Unit mapping**

KQ: K	nowledge questions			
P: Pro	pject	KQ	Р	PA
PA: P	ractical assessment			
Elem	ents and performance criteria			
E 1	Support the person to identify and engage in social networks w	ithin the b	road com	munity
PC 1.1	Work with the person with disability to identify their strengths, interests, abilities and support requirements so they may engage with a social network within the broad community	Q 1.1	P 1	PA
PC 1.2	Research, identify and network with available services to explore community inclusion opportunities that meet the needs of the person	Q 1.2	P 1	PA
PC 1.3	Work with the person to match services and networks to their needs, respecting their cultural and other individual needs	Q 1.3	P 1	PA
PC 1.4	Work with the person to facilitate active engagement in a social network and identify any supports they may need	Q 1.4 Q 1.5	P 1	PA
PC 1.5	Work with the person to identify any possible barriers to participation and inclusion and develop strategies to overcome these	Q 1.6 Q 1.7 Q 1.8	P 1	PA
PC 1.6	Identify and access appropriate resources in consultation with the person and according to legal and ethical considerations and organisational policies and procedures	Q 1.9 Q 1.10	P 1	PA
PC 1.7	Provide information about available options to the person with disability, their family, carer or others identified by the person	Q 1.11 Q 1.12	P 1	PA
E 2	Assist the person and others to develop and implement a comm the individualised plan	nunity sup	port plan	as part of
PC 2.1	Consult with the person with disability to develop an individualised plan for community participation, including all necessary supports required for their needs and preferred level of participation	Q 2.1	P 1	PA
PC 2.2	Assist the person to establish their requirements in order to participate in neighbourhood and local community life according to their needs and preferences	Q 2.1	P 1	PA
PC 2.3	Assist the person to identify and access services within the community as identified in the individualised plan	Q 2.2 Q 2.3	P 1	PA
PC 2.4	Work with the person to facilitate access to opportunities that establish connections through shared interests with other community members in line with funding, budgetary or financial requirements	Q 2.4 Q 2.5	P 1	PA
PC 2.5	Support the person to access opportunities for participation in work and assist employer to facilitate the person's participation and inclusion	Q 2.6	P 1	PA
PC 2.6	Assist the person and their family, carer or others identified by the person to select activities that will enhance inclusion	Q 2.7	P 1	PA
PC 2.7	Support other workers to implement the individualised plan according to requirements of the plan	Q 2.8	P 1	PA

KQ: K P: Pro	nowledge questions ject	KQ	P	PA	
PA: Pi	ractical assessment				
E 3	Develop strategies to minimise isolation for person with disabil	ity			
PC 3.1	Identify support requirements and modifications needed for devices, aids and environment and develop strategies to deal with these in conjunction with the person, their family, carer or others identified by the person	Q 3.1	P 1	PA	
PC 3.2	Consult with the person to identify supports or devices required to assist with communication	Q 3.2	P 1	PA	
PC 3.3	Determine physical and other barriers to participation and identify solutions with the person with disability	Q 3.3	P 1	PA	
PC 3.4	Recognise own limitations in addressing issues and seek advice when necessary	Q 3.4	P 1	PA	
PC 3.5	Work with the person, their family, carer or others identified by the person to identify and assess barriers to communication and social participation caused by cognitive deficits and develop solutions	Q 3.5 Q 3.6	P 1	PA	
PC 3.6	Work with the person to identify travel and transport issues and strategies to address them	Q 3.7 Q 3.8	P 1	PA	
PC 3.7	Follow organisational policies and procedures to evaluate and ensure ongoing success of strategies in consultation with the person with disability	Q 3.9	P 1	PA	
E 4	Determine risks associated with supporting community participation and inclusion				
PC 4.1	Discuss elements of risk with the person with disability, their family, carer or others identified by the person	Q 4.1	P 1	PA	
PC 4.2	Conduct location or activity risk assessment specific to the person's circumstances	Q 4.2	P 1	PA	
PC 4.3	Work with the person and others identified by the person to identify and develop strategies to remove or reduce risk	Q 4.3 Q 4.4	P 1	PA	

KQ: Knowledge questions P: Project			Р	PA
PA: Pr	ractical assessment			
Know	ledge evidence			
KE 1	Elements of best practice in the area of community participation and social inclusion	Q 2.1	P 1	
KE 2	The impact of social devaluation on an individual's quality of life	Q 1.7	P 1	
KE 3	Principles of:     active support     lifespan development     strengths-based and person-centred practice     risk assessment and mitigation     social and emotional wellbeing frameworks	Q 5.1	P 1	
KE 4	Human rights framework for service	Q 5.2	P 1	
KE 5	Systemic and structural barriers impacting individual and community participation	Q 1.6	P 1	
KE 6	Funding frameworks and their impact on community participation	Q 2.1	P 1	
KE 7	Legal and ethical considerations relevant to working with people with disability:  duty of care dignity of risk human rights, including the United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (UNCRPD)	Q 1.9	P 1	
KE 8	<ul> <li>Strategies for:</li> <li>identifying interests, abilities and requirements of people with disability</li> <li>communication to assist with community participation</li> <li>supporting the person's participation in work</li> </ul>	Q 1.1 Q 1.4 Q 2.6	P 1	
KE 9	Strategies that can be used by employers to facilitate the person's inclusion and engagement in the workplace	Q 2.6	P 1	
KE 10	Organisational policies and procedures for: <ul><li>accessing resources</li><li>evaluating implementation of strategies</li></ul>	Q 1.9 Q 3.9	P 1	

KQ: Knowledge questions P: Project PA: Practical assessment	КQ	Р	PA
Performance evidence			
PE 1 Assist at least three people with disability to develop and implement community engagement plans within their individualised plan, included identifying the person's needs and preferences through a process collaboration  matching services and networks to the person's needs and preferences  facilitating access to opportunities for the person to establish connections and minimise isolation  identifying and addressing barriers to participation  identifying and addressing risks	ding:		PA

### Trainer/assessor instructions and requirements

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These training and assessment materials are a commercially produced resource designed to underpin training and assessment delivery strategies.

#### **Catapult Smallprint resources**

Catapult Smallprint resources are current, according to information provided by the official National Register of Information on Training Packages, training.gov.au (TGA).

Catapult Smallprint offer:

- a learning resource—theory component
- an assessment workbook—a suite of assessment tools

The assessment tools are mapped against:

- elements and performance criteria
- performance evidence
- knowledge evidence

#### **Information for Registered Training Organisation only**

RTOs must conduct their own validation and mapping to verify that the assessment tools and instruments used:

- enable the collection of evidence that complies with the Principles of Assessment and the Rules of Evidence
- can be used by different trainer/assessors to achieve consistent results
- can be applied in a range of assessment situations
- align with the RTO's Training and Assessment Strategy (TAS)

If any gaps are identified the RTO must develop their own evidence gathering methods, assessment tools or activities.

If used correctly the assessment tools should provide a comprehensive assessment.

Catapult Smallprint do not promote that the use of their resources will ensure compliance with all VET Regulations. It is the responsibility of the RTO to meet those requirements and develop their own Training and Assessment Strategy (TAS).

#### **Learning resource**

The learning content is divided into topics which address the learning elements and performance criteria for each unit.

At the end of each topic the learner is provided with:

- a set of true or false questions
- a set of multiple choice questions

These questions are self-marking and do not form part of the assessment. They provide an opportunity for learners to test their understanding of the topics.

The learning resource is designed for self-paced learning but is also suitable for face to face or workshop delivery.

The trainer/assessor should provide supplementary information including interpretation of the contents of this resource. They should initiate discussion about the subject matter and encourage learners to contribute their own experiences and their interpretations of the material.

Learners should be encouraged to undertake additional research.

This might include:

- reading
- reflection
- drawing on their own knowledge and experience

It is not necessary to work through the resource in the order in which it is written. This is at the discretion of the trainer/assessor.

#### **Assessment workbook**

The trainer/assessor must explain to learners:

- what competency-based training is
- how competency-based assessment works and how they will be assessed
- what constitutes competency
- the assessment conditions applicable to this unit
- the resources required for assessment
- the Rules of Evidence
- the training organisation's complaints and appeals procedures
- the role of the trainer/assessor
- how the skills recognition (RPL) checklist can be used
- when the completion record will be signed

The tools that can be used to assess learners' competencies include the:

- knowledge questions
- project
- practical assessment

#### **Assessment agreement**

The trainer/assessor must explain:

- how and when assessment will occur
- the tools and instruments that will be used to collect evidence
- the assessment conditions that apply to this unit
- how adjustments can be made for special needs
- the learner's rights if they want to dispute an assessment result
- that all work submitted by the learner must be their own
- that plagiarism is not acceptable
- why the assessment agreement must be signed

The learner and the trainer/assessor need to sign the assessment agreement.

#### **Foundation skills checklist**

The trainer/assessor should identify the foundation skills levels of learners to determine whether additional support needs to be provided.

The foundation skills checklist in this resource is a general listing of the base foundation skills that are required to successfully complete any unit of competency

Foundation skills are:

- LLN Skills
  - reading
  - writing
  - oral communication
  - numeracy
- Employability skills
  - navigating the world of work
  - interacting with others
  - getting the work done

Training packages identify foundation skill requirements in a variety of ways:

- in some packages foundation skills are explicit in the performance criteria of the unit of competency
- in others specific foundation skills are identified for individual units of competency
- in others all foundation skills are identified separately

The trainer/assessor should source and use foundation skills assessment methodologies that suit the learner cohort.

#### **Skills recognition**

The trainer/assessor needs to determine how they wish to use this section.

Evidence of existing skills can be provided for all or parts of the unit. This could mean that some of the knowledge questions or practical tasks do not need to be completed.

Evidence of existing skills and knowledge can be obtained by sighting, for example:

- previous training results or qualifications
- workplace documents
- testimonials of skills obtained through unpaid work
- references from employers

Trainer/assessors must discuss the evidence requirements with the learner.

Any evidence submitted must comply with the Principles of Assessment and Rules of Evidence.

On completion of an RPL assessment the trainer/assessor should record their comments and mark the applicant's submission as Satisfactory/Not Satisfactory.

#### **Knowledge questions**

The knowledge questions address the learner's understanding of the information covered in:

- the elements and performance criteria for this unit
- the knowledge evidence for this unit

The questions address each performance criteria and are designed to elicit evidence of underpinning knowledge.

Where essential knowledge requirements have not been referred to in performance criteria, additional questions are provided.

The trainer/assessor will determine which questions need to be answered to ensure a satisfactory outcome.

The trainer/assessor must provide clear instructions to the learner regarding:

- the manner in which responses should be presented, for example: hand written in the space provided, in a word-processed document, verbally, on-line
- whether additional questions need to be answered

If verbal responses are provided the trainer/assessor must document the learner's responses verbatim.

When questions are answered the trainer/assessor should provide feedback to the learner. If responses are unsatisfactory the learner should be given the opportunity to provide additional information or to re-submit.

Answers should be marked as Satisfactory/Not Satisfactory.

#### **Project**

Projects are an assessment tool that can address either practical or knowledge-based skills. Learners might be asked to complete the project in addition to the other assessment activities. In some instances, it can be used as an alternative to the knowledge questions or the practical assessment tasks.

The assessor will decide how the project will be used and must advise learners about whether they need to complete it.

#### **Practical assessment**

Trainer/assessors must inform learners of:

- the assessment conditions
- the required performance standards
- how, when and where assessment will take place
- any assistance they will receive
- the resources that will be supplied
- how their performance will be recorded
- what to do if they disagree with the assessment results

The practical assessment requires that learners demonstrate the skills they have developed as a result of their training. They must perform the nominated skills and their performance must be observed by the assessor or a suitably qualified and experienced third party. The third party cannot conduct the assessment but can provide supplementary evidence for the assessor to use. Assessor comments must be recorded, and performance results marked as Satisfactory, or Not Satisfactory as they will contribute to the final judgment of competence.

Practical assessments might be conducted in a workplace, as simulations, or as a series of relevant role plays. If assessment cannot be conducted in a workplace the assessor must ensure that the simulations and role plays replicate a workplace as nearly as possible. The assessor is responsible for ensuring that learners have access to the resources needed to complete the assessment.

#### **Completion record**

The results of each form of assessment, plus any extra requirements nominated by the assessor, should be recorded in the assessment workbook.

The trainer/assessor must ensure that the:

- assessment conditions for this unit were met
- learner answered the knowledge questions at the required standard for the unit level
- learner performed all the practical tasks to the required standard for the unit level
- learner was provided with detailed feedback
- any additional assessment requirements were completed

The completion record should be signed by the learner and trainer/assessor.